RENEWABLE ENERGY



WIND ENERGY PRODUCTION

Seals for Wind Mill:

- Base Bearings
- Shaft Bearings
- Blades



Base Bearing



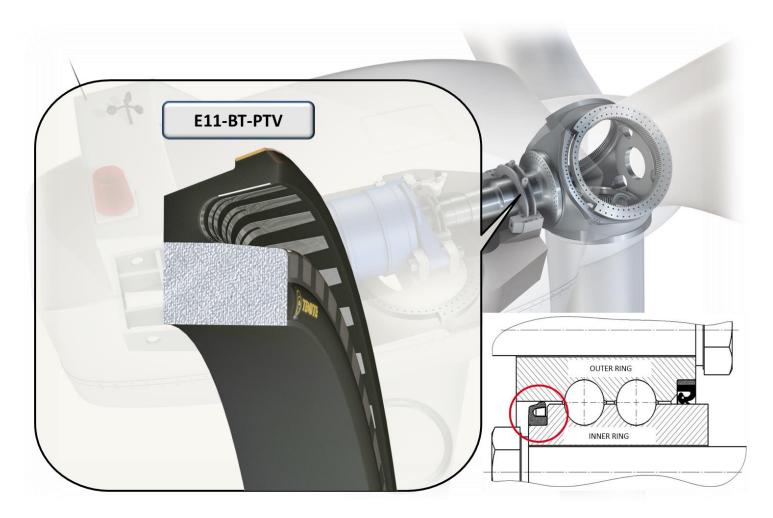


Base Bearing



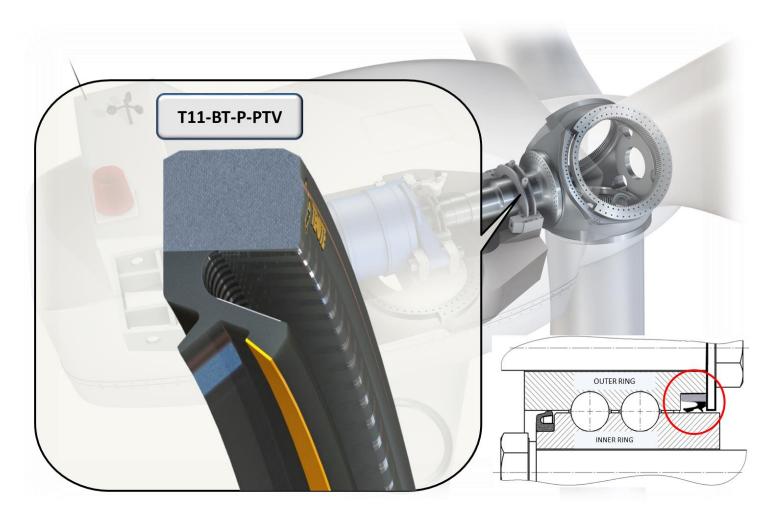


Main Shaft



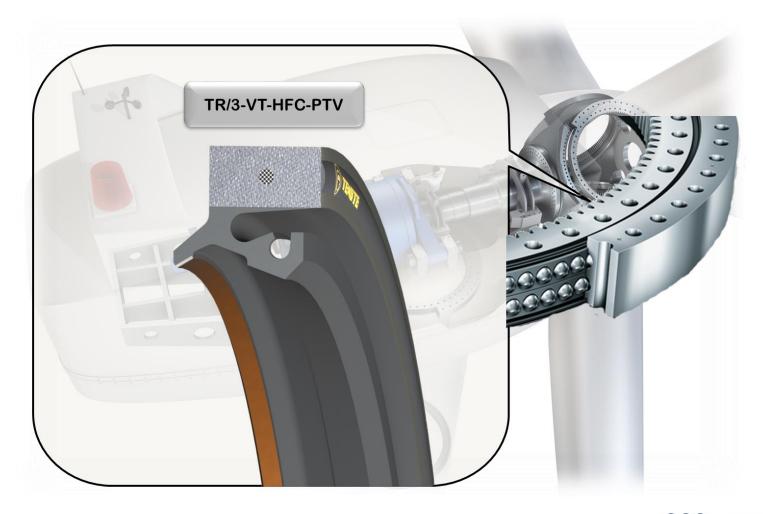


Main Shaft



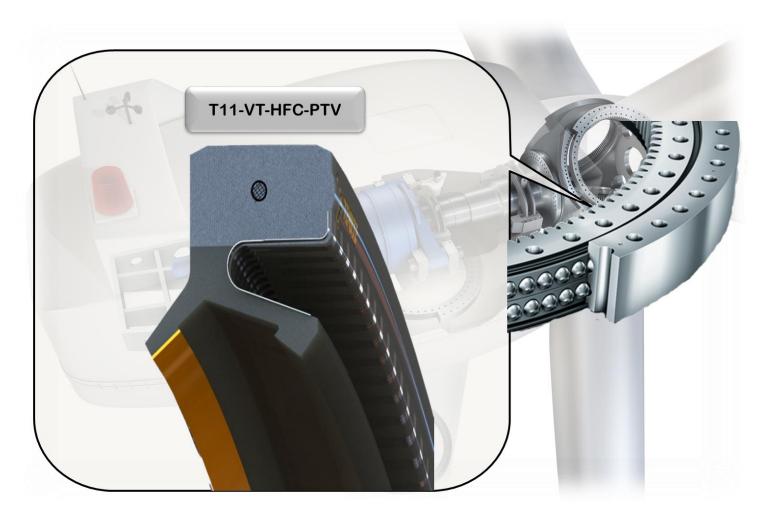


Blade Bearing



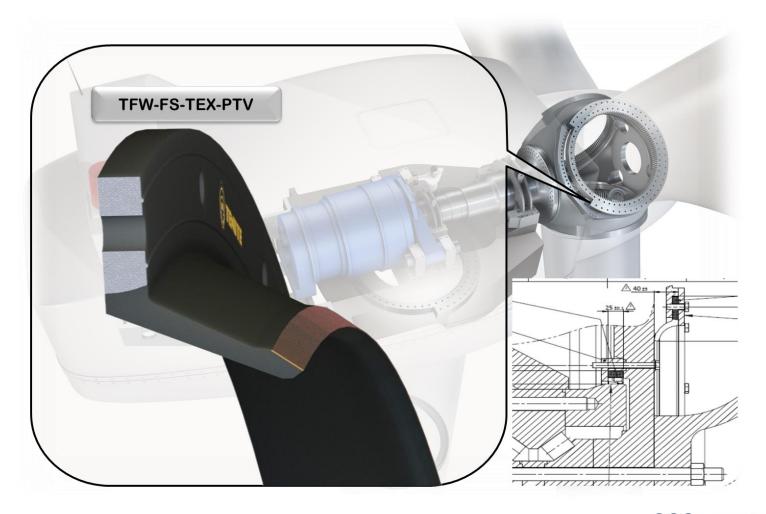


Blade Bearing





Blade Bearing





BLUE ENERGY PRODUCTION



Blue Energy

Harnessing the Blue Energy

WaveRoller

A WaveRoller device is a plate anchored on the sea bottom at its base. The back and forth movement of the tidal surge moves the plate, transferring the kinetic energy created to a piston pump.

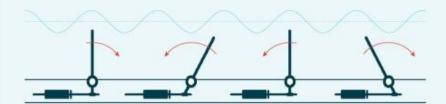
AW-Energy has developed and patented the WaveRoller technology for harnessing the power of the surge phenomenon. The first prototypes were designed and patent applications filed as early as 1999, when Rauno Koivusaari, the original inventor co-operated with Fortum Research during the conceptual phase. Since then the technology has evolved following numerous laboratory tests as well as marine tests conducted in the European Marine Energy Centre (EMEC), Scotland and in Peniche, Portugal.

A series of plates can be used to create an element farm and produce a larger power output. In this kind of element farm a series of piston pumps create a great deal of pressure which is fed into a collection system that then drives hydraulic motor/generator combination(s) to produce electricity.

An individual production-sized plate is designed to produce a nominal capacity of up to 600 - 800 kW of electrical power depending on the site. Since the plant construction is modular and there is no natural upper limit to the number of plates that can be used, offering a high level of scalability.

THE WAVEROLLER PRINCIPLE

The phenomenon that WaveRoller utilizes for electricity production is called surge. It is a ubiquitous phenomenon well documented in theoretical wave literature.



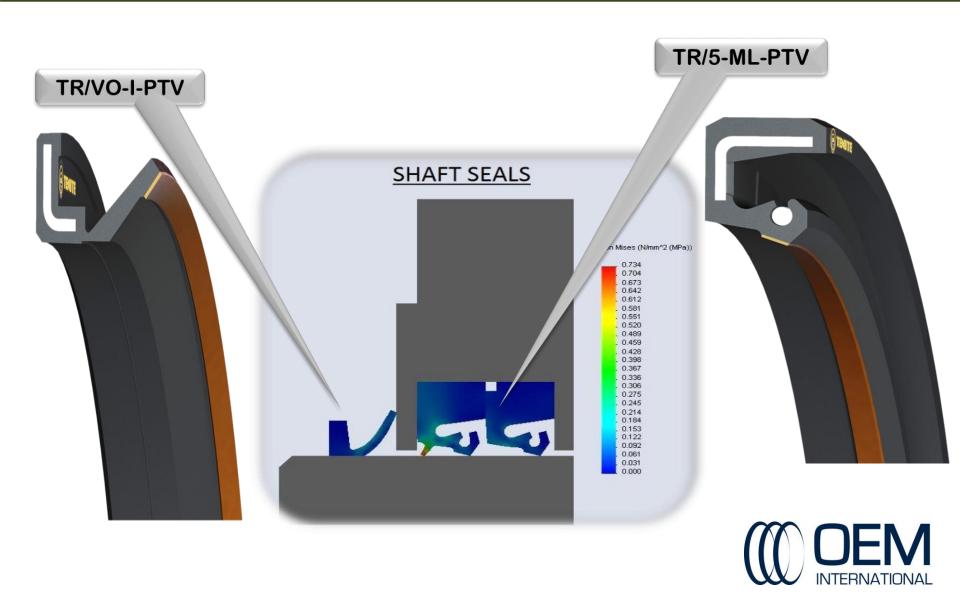


WaveRoller 3x100 kW prototype



Principle of the oscillating wave surge converter

Blue Energy



ENGINEERING

Research and Design Design Analysis and Approval Quality Control



Research – Materials Lab

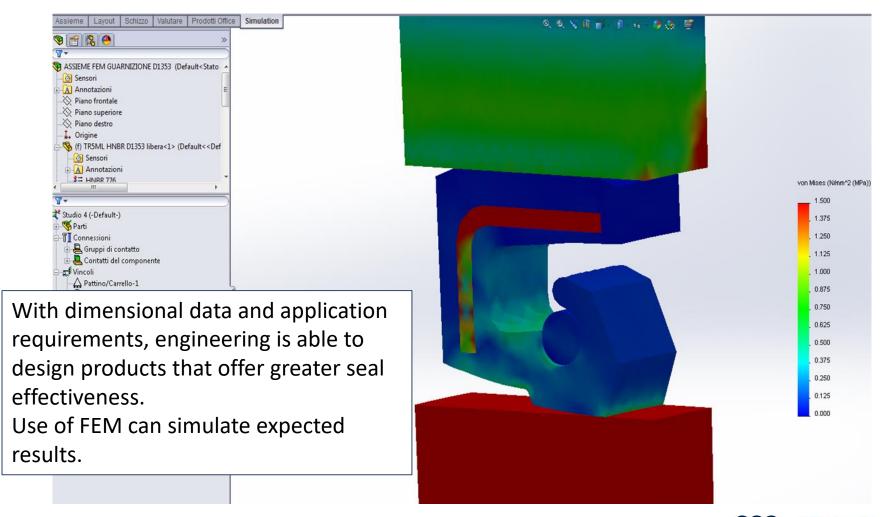
Our in-house lab creates special materials for the wind energy and marine industries. The lab is equipped to run the following tests:

- Oil compatibility to ASTM standards
- Abrasion resistance
- Compression set
- Rheometric

MATERIAL	TEMPERATURE C°	SPRING STANDARD MATERIAL			
NBR	-30° +100° (120°)	Carbon Steel			
HNBR	-40° +150° (175°)	Carbon Steel			
VMQ	-50° +200° (250°)	Carbon Steel			
FKM	-20° +200° (250°)	AISI 302			

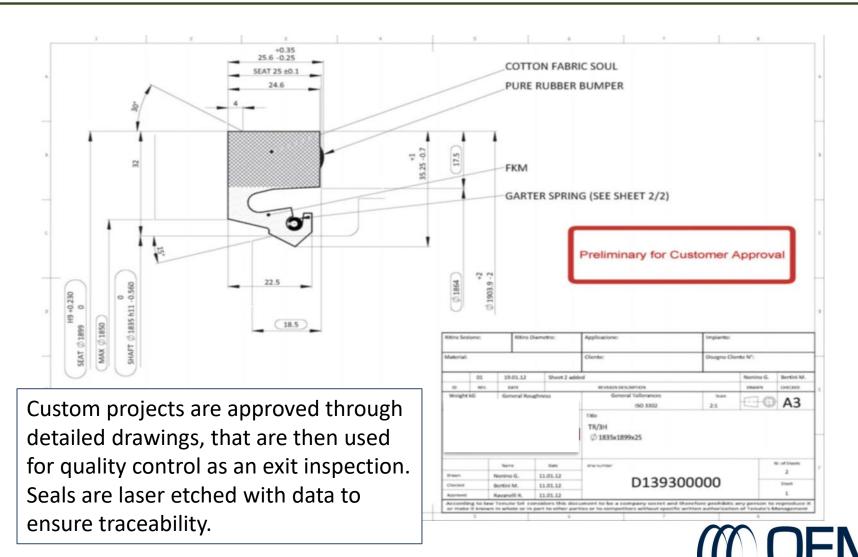


Design Analysis





Design Approval



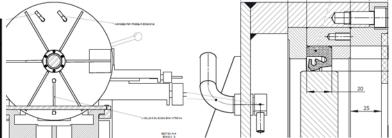
Quality Control – Seal Testing

Seals are tested and reported on:

- Speed
- Time
- Temperature
- Misalignment
- Torque loss
- Leakage

n:	(m)	(m)
SCAR 00 0 / 0 045 TRA	na sala di Arizone	

6° TEST GUARNIZIONI											
CODICE:	TR400021039 (rif.stampo n. 5160)										
MISURE NOMINALI:	490x440x22						MISURE RILEVATE				
MATERIALE:	gon	gomma = PFK0447 tela=					ST. 490,5				
MOLLA:	Svil	Sviluppo 1396 mm.					27,8				
SMUSSO:		_					22,15				
ECCENTRICITA' RISCONTRATA =0,02mm SPOSTAMENTO ASSIALE RISCONTRATO=0,15mm											
GIRI AL MINUTO (n°/1')			630			VELOCITA' (m/s) 14,51					
		dati partenza	dopo 5"	dopo 10"	dopo 15"	dopo	20"	dopo 30"			
TEMPER. SEDE (°C)		62	65	66	68	71		72			
TEMPER. ALBERO (°C)		83	85	86	88	90		92			
TEMPER. GUARNIZIONE (°C)		75	78	79	80	81		83			
FORZA D'ATTRITO CON		70	68	67	66	65		65			
PERDIDE D'OLIO (g)								8			



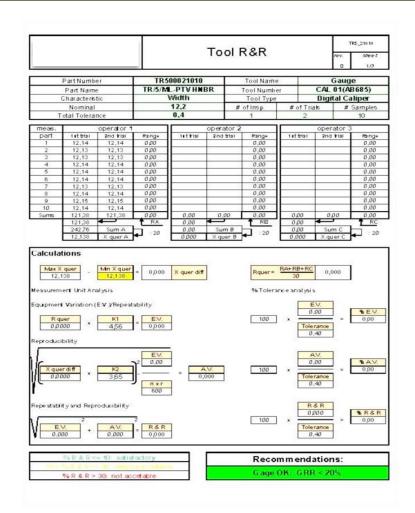
NOTE: . Centratura attrezzatura/guarnizione: pos.1 (2,5 mm)
. Inizio trasudazione



Quality Control – Seal Testing

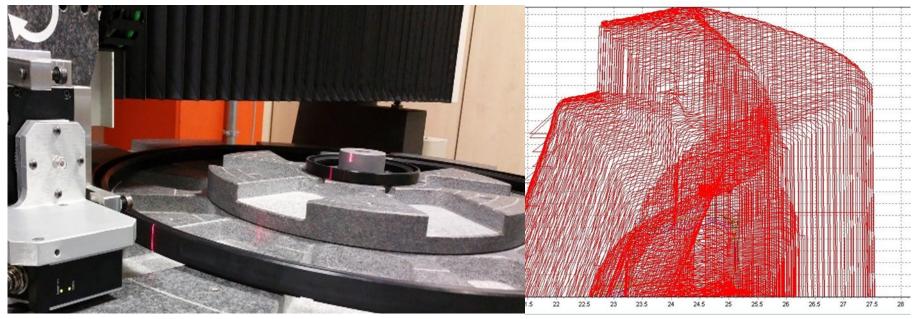
Our seals are submitted to rigorous quality checks in accordance with ISO standards including:

- SPC (Statistic Process Control)
- Six Sigma methods
- Optionally, we can run controls according to Failure Modes and Effect Analysis (FMEA)





Quality Control – Polaris





Together with the University of Turin, we have developed a non-touch technology to prevent seals from being damaged during quality control. This Polaris machine can check with an accuracy of:

- MPE \leq 0,03 mm + 1,3x10⁻⁴xD on diameter up to 550 mm
- MPE $\leq 1x10^{-4}xD$ up to 1500 mm



THANK YOU

Questions?

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